



SAFETY DATA SHEET

URATHIX AT426 Q 65

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name URATHIX AT426 Q 65

Product number 49988

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Resin.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Univar Solutions UK Ltd
Aquarius House
6 Mid Point Business Park
Bradford
BD3 7AY
+44 1274 267300
+44 1274 267306
SDS.EMEA@univarsolutions.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)

Sds No. 49988

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Precautionary statements	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS			30-60%
CAS number: 64742-48-9	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01-2119463258-33-XXXX	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give plenty of water to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water. Wash clothing and clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

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Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that airborne contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Central nervous system depression.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Redness. Product has a defatting effect on skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Aldehydes. Acids - organic. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
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Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Approach the spillage from upwind. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Vapours may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Store at temperatures between 5°C and 30°C. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

DNEL

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 208 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 871 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 125 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 185 mg/m³
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 125 mg/kg/day

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 4 - 8 hours. Viton rubber (fluoro rubber). Thickness: 0.7 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 1 hours. Nitrile rubber. Thickness: 0.4 mm To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body protection

Wear fire/flammable resistant/retardant clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.

Hygiene measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Organic vapour filter. EN 136/140/141/145/143/149

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Viscous liquid.
Colour	Yellowish. to Brown.
Odour	Characteristic. Organic solvents.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Pour Point	No information available.
Freezing Point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	155 - 217°C
Flash point	38°C
Evaporation rate	0.11 (butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.4 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 7.6 %
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapour pressure	0.1 - 0.3 kPa
Vapour density	4.8
Relative density	0.94
Bulk density	0.94 g/cm ³ 23°C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	280 - 470°C
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	9000 - 10000 mPa s @ 20°C >9574 cSt @ 20°C >20.5 cSt @ 40°C
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	No information available.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information	No information required.
Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	No information available.

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Volatility	No information available.
Saturation concentration	No information available.
Critical temperature	No information available.
Volatile organic compound	No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	No test data specifically related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	The product is flammable. The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	Oxidising materials.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Aldehydes. Acids - organic. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u>	
Notes (oral LD ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Animal data	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	

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Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. Central nervous system depression.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Redness. Product has a defatting effect on skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Central nervous system

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 6000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 8,500.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ > 9300 mg/m³, 4 hour, Vapour Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 8,500.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

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Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Causes mild skin irritation.
Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2). Oedema score: No oedema (0).
Rabbit

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Not irritating. Rabbit

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility One-generation study - NOAEC > 3000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat P

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: > 300 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL > 30000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Vapours in high concentrations are anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Drowsiness. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression.

Ingestion Aspiration hazard if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

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Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
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12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity	Not considered toxic to fish.
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Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates LC₅₀, 48 hours: 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hour: > 1000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage NOEC, 28 day: 0.131 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Calculation method.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 21 day: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Transformation due to photolysis not expected to be significant.
Stability (hydrolysis)	Transformation due to hydrolysis not expected to be significant
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 80%: 28 days OECD 301F

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Bioaccumulative potential Potentially bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

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Mobility Insoluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Mobility No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS C9 - C11 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1866

UN No. (IMDG) 1866

UN No. (ICAO) 1866

UN No. (ADN) 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) RESIN SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (IMDG) RESIN SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ICAO) RESIN SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ADN) RESIN SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
ADN class	3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
ADN packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-E
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	•3Y
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	30
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. This product may impact SEVESO storage regulations.
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Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)

CAUTION - Chemical may be subject to REACH RESTRICTIONS - see Annex XVII. This product is/contains a substance that is included in REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) ANNEX XVII - RESTRICTIONS ON THE MANUFACTURE, PLACING ON THE MARKET AND USE OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, MIXTURES AND ARTICLES. Entry number: 3

Seveso Directive - Control of major accident hazards P5c 1436

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
 ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
 Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.
 LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
 LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
 RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
 MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.
 cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.
 BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.
 BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
 EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
 LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.
 LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.
 EL50: Exposure Limit 50
 hPa: Hectopascal
 LL50: Lethal Loading fifty
 OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
 SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus
 STP: Sewage Treatment Plant
 VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

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Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Key literature references and sources for data	Supplier's information.
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226: Expert judgement. STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method.
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Revision date	01/04/2022
Version number	2.000
Supersedes date	20/10/2016
SDS number	49988
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Signature	Lisa Bland

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.