



SAFETY DATA SHEET 90259 COGILOR PLATINUM

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name 90259 COGILOR PLATINUM

Product number 62292

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Colourant

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Univar Solutions UK Ltd
Aquarius House
6 Mid Point Business Park
Bradford
BD3 7AY
+44 1274 267300
+44 1274 267306
SDS.EMEA@univarsolutions.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)

Sds No. 62292

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Carc. 2 - H351

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H351 Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.

90259 COGILOR PLATINUM**Precautionary statements**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label information

EUH212: Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not breathe dust.

Contains

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures**

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]	60-100%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5
	REACH registration number: 01-2119489379-17-XXXX
Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):> 10000 mg/kg	
Acute Toxicity Estimate (inhalation):> 6.82 mg/l4 hoursDust/Mist	
Acute Toxicity Estimate (dermal):10000 mg/kg	
Classification	
Carc. 2 - H351	
IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW	1-5%
CAS number: 51274-00-1	EC number: 257-098-5
	REACH registration number: 01-2119457554-33-XXXX
Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):> 5000 mg/kg	
Classification	
Not Classified	
TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE	1-5%
CAS number: 1317-61-9	EC number: 215-277-5
	REACH registration number: 01-2119457646-28-XXXX
Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):5000 mg/kg	
Classification	
Not Classified	

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RED IRON OXIDE		<1%
CAS number: 1309-37-1	EC number: 215-168-2	REACH registration number: 01-2119457614-35-XXXX
Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):> 10000 mg/kg		
Classification Not Classified		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
Eye contact	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Dust may form explosive mixture with air. When heated and in case of fire, toxic vapours/gases may be formed.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Contain and collect extinguishing water.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generation and spreading of dust.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Remove spillage with vacuum cleaner or collect with a shovel and broom, or similar. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Dust may form explosive mixture with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ fume

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³ fume
as Fe

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

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Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ fume

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³ fume
as Fe

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

RED IRON OXIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m³ fume

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³ fume
as Fe

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER ≤ 10 µm] (CAS: 13463-67-7)

Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.170 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.028 mg/m ³
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l - marine water; 0.0184 mg/l Intermittent release; 0.193 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 1000 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 100 mg/kg - Soil; 100 mg/kg - STP; 100 mg/l

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW (CAS: 51274-00-1)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m ³
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TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE (CAS: 1317-61-9)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m ³
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RED IRON OXIDE (CAS: 1309-37-1)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m ³
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8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.

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Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Dust-resistant, chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.
Hygiene measures	When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m ³ . Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. EN 136/140/141/145/143/149

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Powder.
Colour	Off-white.
Odour	No information available.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Pour Point	No information available.
Freezing Point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	No information available.
Flash point	No information available.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	No information available.

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Bulk density	No information available.
Solubility(ies)	No information available.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	No information available.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	No information available.
Oxidising properties	No information available.

9.2. Other information

Other information	Not determined.
Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	No information available.
Volatility	No information available.
Saturation concentration	No information available.
Critical temperature	No information available.
Volatile organic compound	No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

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Notes (oral LD₅₀)	No information available.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	No information available.
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	No information available.
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Animal data	No information available.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	No information available.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	No information available.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No information available.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
<u>Toxicokinetics</u>	
	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Inhalation	Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	Powder may irritate skin.
Eye contact	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.
<u>Toxicological information on ingredients.</u>	

**TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH
AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER ≤ 10 µm]**

Acute toxicity - oral

**Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀
mg/kg)** 10,000.0

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Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ > 10000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	10,000.0
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ 10000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	LC ₅₀ > 6.82 mg/l, 4 hours, Dust/Mist Rat
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Animal data	Not irritating. Rabbit OECD 404
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising. Mouse Guinea pig
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Ames test Negative. OECD 471
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Toxicokinetics</u>	
Toxicokinetics	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Inhalation	Dust may irritate the respiratory system. Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

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Skin contact	Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.
Eye contact	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.
Route of exposure	Inhalation

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW**Acute toxicity - oral**

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No information available.

Genotoxicity - in vivo No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Reproductive toxicity - development No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

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Toxicokinetics	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Inhalation	Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.
Eye contact	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,000.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No information available.

Genotoxicity - in vivo No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Reproductive toxicity - development No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Toxicokinetics

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Inhalation

Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion

May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Diarrhoea.

Skin contact

Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.

Eye contact

Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.

RED IRON OXIDE

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 10000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising. Guinea pig

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Ames test: Negative. Chromosome aberration: Negative. OECD 473

Genotoxicity - in vivo Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

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Reproductive toxicity - development This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Toxicokinetics The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Inhalation Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Shortness of breath. Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Stomach pain. Diarrhoea. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.

Eye contact Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

RED IRON OXIDE

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

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Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER ≤ 10 µm]

Toxicity	Not considered toxic to fish.
<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u>	
Acute toxicity - fish	NOEC, 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: > 100 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata OECD 201
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC ₅₀ , 3 hours: > 1000 mg/l, OECD 209

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Toxicity	Not considered toxic to fish.
<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u>	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₀ , 96 hour: >=10000 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) LC ₀ , 96 hour: >1000 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hour: >100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC ₅₀ , 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u>	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₀ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) LC ₀ , 96 hours: >=10000 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

RED IRON OXIDE

Toxicity	Not considered toxic to fish.
<u>Acute aquatic toxicity</u>	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₀ , 96 hour: >=10000 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) LC ₅₀ , 96 hour: >1000 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) LC ₀ , 96 hour: >1000 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 48 hour: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC ₅₀ , 3 hours: >10000 mg/l, Activated sludge

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

Persistence and degradability The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Persistence and degradability The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

Persistence and degradability The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

RED IRON OXIDE

Persistence and degradability The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: 19 - 352, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Partition coefficient No information available.

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

RED IRON OXIDE

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

90259 COGILOR PLATINUM

Mobility No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

Mobility The product is insoluble in water and will sediment in water systems.

RED IRON OXIDE

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

RED IRON OXIDE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information on ingredients.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; [IN POWDER FORM CONTAINING 1 % OR MORE OF PARTICLES WITH AERODYNAMIC DIAMETER $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$]

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Other adverse effects

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE YELLOW**Other adverse effects**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

TRIIRON TETRAOXIDE**Other adverse effects**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

RED IRON OXIDE**Other adverse effects**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods****General information**

Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.

Disposal methods

Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information**General**

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

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Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
 ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
 Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.
 LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
 LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
 RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
 MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.
 cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.
 BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.
 BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
 EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
 LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.
 LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.
 EL50: Exposure Limit 50
 hPa: Hectopascal
 LL50: Lethal Loading fifty
 OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
 SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus
 STP: Sewage Treatment Plant
 VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity
 Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
 Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Key literature references and sources for data

Supplier's information.

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Carc. 2 - H351: Calculation method.

Revision comments

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date

14/04/2023

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Version number	2.000
Supersedes date	16/02/2023
SDS number	62292
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	H351 Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
Signature	Lisa Bland

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