



SAFETY DATA SHEET ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name	ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL
Product number	55432
CAS number	8015-91-6
EC number	283-479-0

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Cosmetics
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1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Univar Aquarius House 6 Mid Point Business Park Bradford BD3 7AY +44 1274 267300 +44 1274 267306 sds@univar.com
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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)
Sds No.	55432

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 1B - H350
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

EC number	283-479-0
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Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
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ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Hazard statements	H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H350 May cause cancer. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	CINNAMALDEHYDE, EUGENOL, LINALOOL, (R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE, COUMARIN, 5 ALLYL 1 3 BENZODIOXOLE

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

CINNAMALDEHYDE	60-100%
CAS number: 104-55-2	EC number: 203-213-9
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1A - H317	
EUGENOL	1-5%
CAS number: 97-53-0	EC number: 202-589-1
Classification Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317	
LINALOOL	1-5%
CAS number: 78-70-6	EC number: 201-134-4
	REACH registration number: 01-2119474016-42-XXXX
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1B - H317	

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BENZYL BENZOATE			1-5%
CAS number: 120-51-4	EC number: 204-402-9		
M factor (Acute) = 1			
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE			1-5%
CAS number: 5989-27-5	EC number: 227-813-5	REACH registration number: 01-2119529223-47-XXXX	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1		
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410			

COUMARIN			<1%
CAS number: 91-64-5	EC number: 202-086-7		
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			

5 ALLYL 1 3 BENZODIOXOLE			<1%
CAS number: 94-59-7	EC number: 202-345-4		
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350			

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Product name ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

CAS number 8015-91-6

EC number 283-479-0

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Ingestion	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Continue to rinse. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Irritation. Redness.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. Contact specialist immediately poison treatment if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Methods for cleaning up Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

LINALOOL (CAS: 78-70-6)

Ingredient comments	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 16.5 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.8 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 2.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 4.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 1.2 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.7 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.2 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Short term local effects: 15 mg/cm ² Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 15 mg/cm ² Consumer - Dermal; Long term local effects: 15 mg/cm ²
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.2 mg/l - Marine water; 0.02 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 2.22 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.222 mg/kg - Soil; 0.327 mg/kg - STP; > 10 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Protective equipment



Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. EN 136/140/141/145/143/149

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Yellow. or Orange.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	No information available.
Flash point	71°C
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	1.00 @ 20°C
Bulk density	No information available.

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Solubility(ies)	No information available.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	No information available.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	No information available.
Volatility	No information available.
Saturation concentration	No information available.
Critical temperature	No information available.
Volatile organic compound	No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	No test data specifically related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	No specific recommendations.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg)	136,363.64
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Acute toxicity - dermal

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,833.33

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Reproductive toxicity - development No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion The product irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Irritation. Redness.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

CINNAMALDEHYDE

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 2200 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,100.0

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 1100 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

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ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

EUGENOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 2,300.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 2300 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 2,300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ dust/mist mg/l) 2,580.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ 2580 mg/l, Dust/Mist, Inhalation, Rat

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 2,580.0

LINALOOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 2,790.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 2790 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,610.0

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 5610 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritating to skin. Rabbit

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Slightly irritating. Rabbit

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. - Rabbit: Sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No information available.

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 117 mg/kg, Oral, Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract.

Skin contact Irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

BENZYL BENZOATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,500.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 1500 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 4,000.0

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 4000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Slightly irritating.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness. Pain.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 4,400.0

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ 4400 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	4,400.0
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ 5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit
<u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u>	
Animal data	No information available.
<u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u>	
Serious eye damage/irritation	No information available.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	No information available.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No information available.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
<u>Inhalation</u>	
Inhalation	May cause respiratory system irritation.
<u>Ingestion</u>	
Ingestion	Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects if swallowed.
<u>Skin contact</u>	
Skin contact	Irritating to skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
<u>Eye contact</u>	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.

COUMARIN

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀
mg/kg) 520.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 520.0

5 ALLYL 1 3 BENZODIOXOLE

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

LINALOOL

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

BENZYL BENZOATE

Ecotoxicity The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

EUGENOL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hour: 24 mg/l, Fish
OECD 203

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hour: 1.05 mg/l, Daphnia magna
OECD 202

LINALOOL

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 27.8 mg/l, Fish
OECD 203

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 59 mg/l, Daphnia magna

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC₅₀, 72 hours: 156.7 mg/l, Algae

BENZYL BENZOATE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.1 < L(E)C₅₀ ≤ 1

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.3 mg/l, Fish

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.1 < L(E)C₅₀ ≤ 1

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.8 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 69.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

CINNAMALDEHYDE

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

EUGENOL

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

LINALOOL

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation The substance is readily biodegradable.
- Degradation (%) 64.2%: 28 days
OECD 301D

BENZYL BENZOATE

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

CINNAMALDEHYDE

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.9

LINALOOL

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Kow: 2.7

BENZYL BENZOATE

Bioaccumulative potential May accumulate in soil and water systems.

Partition coefficient : 3.54

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Bioaccumulative potential Potentially bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 5.3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

LINALOOL

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

BENZYL BENZOATE

Mobility The product has poor water-solubility.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

LINALOOL

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.**LINALOOL**

Other adverse effects Not determined.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

General information Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA

Not listed.

Australia - AICS

Not listed.

Korea - KECI

Not listed.

China - IECSC

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Philippines – PICCS

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
 ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
 Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.
 LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
 LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
 RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
 MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.
 cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.
 BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.
 BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
 EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
 LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.
 LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.
 EL50: Exposure Limit 50
 hPa: Hectopascal
 LL50: Lethal Loading fifty
 OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
 SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus
 STP: Sewage Treatment Plant
 VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity
 Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
 Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Key literature references and sources for data

Supplier's information.

Revision comments

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date

22/08/2018

Version number

1.000

SDS number

55432

SDS status

Approved.

ORGANIC CINNAMON BARK OIL

Hazard statements in full

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signature

Jitendra Panchal