

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of:
UK REACH Regulations (SI 2019/758 as amended)

Supersedes date 01-Jul-2020

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Revision Number 3

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Code(s) 13638

Safety data sheet number 13638

Product Name DOWSIL RSN-0806 RESIN

Synonyms XIAMETER RSN-0806 RESIN, DOW CORNING 806A RESIN

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Contains XYLENE; ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE); TOLUENE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Formulation or re-packing: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures.
Coatings
Industrial use
Professional use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Univar Solutions UK Ltd
Aquarius House
6 Mid Point Business Park
Bradford
GBR

For further information, please contact

E-mail address SDS.EMEA@univarsolutions.com

Non-Emergency Telephone Number +44 1274 267300 / +44 1274 267306

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 - (H225)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2 - (H315)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B - (H360d)
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure	Category 3 - (H335, H336)
Category 3 Narcotic effects, Respiratory irritation	
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure	Category 2 - (H373)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)

2.2. Label elements

Contains XYLENE; ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE); TOLUENE



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Precautionary statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P260 - Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Unknown aquatic toxicity

Contains 0 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Additional information

This product requires tactile warnings if supplied to the general public.

2.3. Other hazards

Product is a static accumulator.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	Weight-%	EC No (EU Index No)	UK REACH registration number	Classification according to GB CLP (SI 2020/1567 as amended)	Specific concentration limit (SCL)	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)
XYLENE 1330-20-7	>= 20.0 - <= 30.0 %	215-535-7 (601-022-00-9)	-	Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) STOT SE 3 (H335)	-	-	-
TOLUENE 108-88-3	>= 14.0 - <= 21.0 %	203-625-9 (601-021-00-3)	01-8199965928-7-XXX X	Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT RE 2 (H373) Repr. 2 (H361d) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H336) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	-	-	-
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	>= 6.0 - <= 9.0 %	202-849-4	-	Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) STOT RE 2 (H373) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	-	-	-
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXA NOATE) 136-53-8	<= 0.35 %	205-251-1 (607-230-00-6)	-	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 1B (H360D) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)	-	1	-
OCTAMETHYLCYC LOTETRASILOXAN E 556-67-2	0.02%	209-136-7 (014-018-00-1)	-	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) Repr. 2 (H361f)	-	-	10

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >= 0.1% (UK REACH Article 59)

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****General advice**

First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Inhalation	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eyes	Causes serious eye irritation.
Dermal	Causes skin irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors	Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Treat any burns as thermal burns, after decontamination. Alcohol consumed before or after exposure may increase adverse effects. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry sand.
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. When heated and in case of fire, toxic vapours/gases may be formed. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Flammable concentrations of vapour can accumulate at temperatures above flash point; see Section 9. Flammable mixtures may exist within the vapour space of containers at room temperature. Closed containers can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build-up. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides. Chlorine compounds. Silicon oxides. Benzene. Formaldehyde.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid
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contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapours. Remove all sources of ignition. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Dyke far ahead of spill to collect run-off water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Use non-sparking tools. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapours. Do not swallow. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid spilling. Avoid release to the environment. Use non-sparking tools. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer operations. This material can accumulate static charge due to its inherent physical properties and can therefore cause an electrical ignition source to vapors. In order to prevent a fire hazard, as bonding and grounding may be insufficient to remove static electricity, it is necessary to provide an inert gas purge before beginning transfer operations. Restrict flow velocity in order to reduce the accumulation of static electricity. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

General hygiene considerations Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Store away from the following materials. Strong oxidising agents. Organic peroxide. Flammable solid. Pyrophoric liquids. Pyrophoric solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Explosives. Gases.

7.3. Specific end use(s)**Specific use(s)**

See section 1 for more information.

Risk Management Methods (RMM) The information required is contained in this Safety Data Sheet.**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters****Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	United Kingdom
XYLENE 1330-20-7	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 220 mg/m ³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 441 mg/m ³ Sk*
TOLUENE 108-88-3	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 191 mg/m ³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 384 mg/m ³ Sk*
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 442 mg/m ³ STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 884 mg/m ³ Sk*

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	United Kingdom
XYLENE 1330-20-7	650 mmol/mol creatinine - urine (Methyl hippuric acid) - post shift

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - Workers

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
XYLENE 1330-20-7		212 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	221 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 442 mg/m ³ [4] [7] 221 mg/m ³ [5] [6] 442 mg/m ³ [5] [7]
TOLUENE 108-88-3		384 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	192 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 384 mg/m ³ [4] [7] 192 mg/m ³ [5] [6] 384 mg/m ³ [5] [7]
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4		180 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	77 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 293 mg/m ³ [5] [7]
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) 136-53-8		6.1 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	26.32 mg/m ³ [4] [6]

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE 556-67-2			73 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 73 mg/m ³ [5] [6]

[4]	Systemic health effects.
[5]	Local health effects.
[6]	Long term.
[7]	Short term.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - General Public

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
XYLENE 1330-20-7	12.5 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]		65.3 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 260 mg/m ³ [4] [7] 65.3 mg/m ³ [5] [6] 260 mg/m ³ [5] [7]
TOLUENE 108-88-3	8.13 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]		56.5 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 226 mg/m ³ [4] [7] 56.5 mg/m ³ [5] [6] 226 mg/m ³ [5] [7]
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	1.6 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]		15 mg/m ³ [4] [6]
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) 136-53-8	3.05 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	3.05 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	10.6 mg/m ³ [4] [6]
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE 556-67-2	3.7 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]		13 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 13 mg/m ³ [5] [6]

[4]	Systemic health effects.
[5]	Local health effects.
[6]	Long term.
[7]	Short term.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Chemical name	Freshwater	Freshwater (intermittent release)	Marine water	Marine water (intermittent release)	Air
XYLENE 1330-20-7	0.327 mg/L	0.327 mg/L	0.327 mg/L		
TOLUENE 108-88-3	0.68 mg/L	0.68 mg/L	0.68 mg/L		
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	0.1 mg/l		0.01 mg/l		
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) 136-53-8	20.6 µg/l		6.1 µg/l		
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE 556-67-2	0.0015 mg/L		0.00015 mg/L		

Chemical name	Freshwater sediment	Marine sediment	Sewage treatment	Soil	Food chain
XYLENE 1330-20-7	12.46 mg/kg sediment dw	12.46 mg/kg sediment dw	6.58 mg/L	2.31 mg/kg soil dw	
TOLUENE 108-88-3	16.39 mg/kg sediment dw	16.39 mg/kg sediment dw	13.61 mg/L	2.89 mg/kg soil dw	
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	13.7 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)	1.37 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)	9.6 mg/l	2.68 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)	
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOAT E) 136-53-8	117.8 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)	56.5 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)	52 µg/l	35.6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)	
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTE TRASILOXANE 556-67-2	3 mg/kg sediment dw	0.3 mg/kg sediment dw	10 mg/L	0.54 mg/kg soil dw	41 mg/kg food

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls No information available.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Gloves must conform to standard EN 374.

Gloves			
Duration of contact	PPE - Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
	Polyethylene (PE)	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL")	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Styrene/butadiene rubber	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Wear protective Viton™ gloves	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Wear protective butyl rubber gloves	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Chlorinated polyethylene (CPE)	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Wear protective Neoprene™ gloves	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes
	Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").	> 0.35 mm	> 240 minutes

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact. Antistatic footwear.

Respiratory protection Use appropriate respiratory protection.
Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to EN 14387. Type A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Liquid
Colour	clear white To yellow
Odour	Solvent.
Odour threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
Melting point / freezing point		Not determined.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 100 °C	@ 760 mmHg.
Flammability		No information available.
Flammability Limit in Air		No information available.
Upper flammability or explosive limits		
Lower flammability or explosive limits		
Flash point	13 °C	Pensky-Martens closed cup.
Autoignition temperature		No information available.
Decomposition temperature		No information available.
pH		Not applicable. Substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic.
pH (as aqueous solution)		No information available.
Kinematic viscosity		No information available.
Dynamic viscosity	130 cP	
Water solubility		Not determined.
Solubility(ies)		No information available.
Partition coefficient		Not determined.
Vapour pressure		No information available.
Relative density	1.02	
Bulk density		No information available
Liquid Density	No information available	No information available
Relative vapour density		No information available.
Particle characteristics		Not applicable.
Particle Size	No information available	
Particle Size Distribution	No information available	
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising	

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	No known effects under normal use conditions.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
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Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents. When heated, vapours/gases hazardous to health may be formed. Temperatures above 150 °C / 300 °F. Formaldehyde. Provide adequate ventilation. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid static discharge. Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Chlorine compounds. Silicon oxides. Benzene. Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1. Information on toxicological effects****Information on likely routes of exposure****Product Information**

Inhalation	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness. In humans, symptoms may include: Lethargy. Alcohol consumed before or after exposure may increase adverse effects.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Acute toxicity**Numerical measures of toxicity**

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

Oral LD50 Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg
Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
XYLENE	= 4300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	27.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
TOLUENE	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	12267 mg/kg (Rabbit)	25.7 mg/l (Rat) 4h
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)	= 3550 mg/kg (Rat) = 3700 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 23.2 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRAS ILOXANE	> 4800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2400 mg/kg (Rat)	= 36 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation. Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness. Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation, even a burn. Repeated exposure may cause irritation, even a burn. Dryness and/or cracking.

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Causes skin irritation Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage. Dryness and/or cracking

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Causes skin irritation Dryness and/or cracking

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Causes skin irritation Redness

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Non-irritating during normal use Brief contact is essentially non-irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Causes serious eye irritation

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause slight eye irritation

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Causes serious eye irritation

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					non-irritant

Respiratory or skin sensitisation No information available.

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
	Guinea pig	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
	Guinea pig	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
	Guinea pig	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

Germ cell mutagenicity

No information available.

Component Information

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative
		Negative Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Results
		Not mutagenic

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

Method	Species	Results
		Negative

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative
		Negative Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments

Carcinogenicity

No information available.

Component Information

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Results
		Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Results
		Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Results
		Results from a 2 year repeated vapour

		inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.
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Reproductive toxicity May damage the unborn child.

The table below indicates ingredients above the cut-off threshold considered as relevant which are listed as reproductive toxins.

Chemical name	United Kingdom
TOLUENE	Repr. 2
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE	Repr. 2

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Results
		This product does not contain any known or suspected reproductive hazards

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Results
		Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Results
		For the hydrolysis product: 2-Ethylhexanoic acid In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Results
		Suspected of damaging fertility

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
		Inhalation			May cause respiratory irritation

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause drowsiness or dizziness Central nervous system

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Component Information

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Liver Kidney Blood

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Central nervous system Excessive exposure may cause neurologic signs and symptoms. Toluene has caused hearing loss in laboratory animals upon exposure to high concentrations.

					Intentional misuse by deliberately inhaling toluene may cause nervous system damage, hearing loss, liver and kidney effects and death.
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ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Kidney Liver respiratory tract Female reproductive organs

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Unknown aquatic toxicity

Contains 0 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test or Equivalent.	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	LC50	2.6 mg/L	96 hours	
OECD Test No. 202: Daphnia sp., Acute Immobilisation Test or Equivalent.	Daphnia magna	IC50	1 - 4.7 mg/L	24 hours	
OECD Test No. 201: Freshwater Algae and Cyanobacteria, Growth Inhibition Test OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test or Equivalent.	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ErC50	4.36 mg/L	73 hours	
OECD Test No. 201: Freshwater Algae and Cyanobacteria, Growth	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC	0.44 mg/L	73 hours	

Inhibition Test or Equivalent.					
Chronic toxicity	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	NOEC	> 1.3 mg/L	56 days	

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	LC50	5.8 mg/L	96 hours	
Acute toxicity	Oncorhynchus kisutch	LC50	5.5 mg/L	96 hours	
OECD Test No. 202: Daphnia sp., Acute Immobilisation Test	Daphnia magna	EC50	7 mg/L	24 hours	
Acute toxicity	Water flea Ceriodaphnia dubia	LC50	3.78 mg/L	48 hours	
Acute toxicity	Chlorella sp	EC50	134 mg/L	3 hours	
OECD Test No. 201: Freshwater Algae and Cyanobacteria, Growth Inhibition Test or Equivalent.	Skeletonema costatum	NOEC	10 mg/L	72 hours	
Bacteria toxicity	Nitrosomonas sp	EC50	84 mg/L	24 hours	
Chronic toxicity	Fish Oncorhynchus kisutch	NOEC	1.39 mg/L	40 days	
	Ceriodaphnia dubia	NOEC	0.74 mg/L	7 days	
	Daphnia magna	NOEC	2 mg/L	21 days	

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	LC50	4.2 mg/L	96 hours	
	Daphnia magna	EC50	1.8 mg/L	48 hours	
	Ceriodaphnia dubia	NOEC	0.96 mg/L	7 days	
	Selenastrum capricornutum	EC50	3.6 mg/L	96 hours	
	Selenastrum capricornutum	NOEC	3.4 mg/L	96 hours	

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
	Cyprinus carpio	LC50	100 mg/L	96 hours	
	Daphnia magna	EC50	5.0 mg/L	48 hours	
	Selenastrum capricornutum	EC50	> 0.1 - 1 mg/L	96 hours	
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC	> 0.01 - 0.1 mg/L	72 hours	
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	NOEC	> 0.1 - 1 mg/L	25 days	
	Daphnia magna	NOEC	> 0.1 - 1 mg/L	21 days	

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRAILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Acute toxicity	Oncorhynchus	LC50	> 0.022 mg/L	96 hours	

	mykiss (rainbow trout)				
Acute toxicity	Cyprinodon variegatus	LC50	> 0.0063 mg/L	14 days	
Acute toxicity	Mysidopsis bahia	EC50	> 0.0091 mg/L	96 hours	
Acute toxicity	Daphnia magna	EC50	> 0.015 mg/L	48 hours	
Acute toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ErC50	> 0.022 mg/L	96 hours	
Acute toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	EC10	>= 0.022 mg/L	96 hours	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	NOEC	>= 0.0044 mg/L	93 days	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Daphnia magna	NOEC	0.0079 mg/L	21 days	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

XYLENE (1330-20-7)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301F: Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test (TG 301 F) or Equivalent.	10 days	Biodegradation > 60%	Readily biodegradable

TOLUENE (108-88-3)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301C: Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I) (TG 301 C) or Equivalent.	14 days	Biodegradation 100 %	Readily biodegradable

ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD 310	28 days	79 % Biodegradation	Readily biodegradable

ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) (136-53-8)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301D: Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test (TG 301 D) or Equivalent.	28 days	Biodegradation > 60 %	Readily biodegradable

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRAILOXANE (556-67-2)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD 310	28 days	Biodegradation 3.7%	Expected to biodegrade very slowly

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
XYLENE	3.12
TOLUENE	2.73
ETHYLBENZENE	3.6
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)	> 5.7

OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE	6.49
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB.

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
XYLENE	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
TOLUENE	The substance is not PBT / vPvB PBT assessment does not apply
ETHYLBENZENE	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)	The substance is not PBT / vPvB PBT assessment does not apply
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE	PBT substance vPvB substance

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information**IATA**

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1866
14.2 UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	A3
ERG Code	3L

IMDG

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	None
EmS-No	F-E, S-E
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No information available

RID

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1866
14.2 UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	640C
Classification code	F1

ADR

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1866
14.2 UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	640C
Classification code	F1
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****National regulations****Authorisations and/or restrictions on use:**

This product contains one or more substances subject to restriction (UK REACH - Annex XVII).

This product does not contain substances subject to authorisation (UK REACH - Annex XIV).

Product restricted per REACH Annex XVII: 3. 75

Chemical name	Restricted substance per REACH Annex XVII	Substance subject to authorisation per REACH Annex XIV
XYLENE - 1330-20-7	75	-
TOLUENE - 108-88-3	Use restricted. See item 48.	-
ZINC BIS(2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) - 136-53-8	30	-
OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRAILOXANE - 556-67-2	Use restricted. See item 70. 75	-

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not applicable

Export Notification requirements

Not applicable

Dangerous substance category per COMAH Regulations 2015 (as amended)

P5c - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Named dangerous substances per COMAH Regulations 2015 (as amended)

Not applicable

The Ozone-Depleting Substances Regulations 2015

Not applicable

The Biocidal Products Regulations 2001 (as amended)

Not applicable

The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2017 (as amended)

Not applicable

Poisons Act 1972 (Explosive Precursors) Regulations (as Amended)

Not applicable

International Inventories

TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
DSL/NDL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
KECI	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
AIIC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

15.2. Chemical safety assessment**Chemical Safety Report**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture

SECTION 16: Other information**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet****Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H360D - May damage the unborn child
H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

Legend Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
 Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation
 + Sensitisers
 Revision Note SDS sections updated 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

Classification procedure

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Method Used
Acute oral toxicity	Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - gas	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - vapour	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - dust/mist	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation	Calculation method
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method
Respiratory sensitisation	Calculation method
Skin sensitisation	Calculation method
Mutagenicity	Calculation method
Carcinogenicity	Calculation method
STOT - single exposure	Calculation method
STOT - repeated exposure	Calculation method
Acute aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Aspiration hazard	Calculation method
Ozone	Calculation method

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
 European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
 European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Committee for Risk Assessment (ECHA_RAC)
 European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) (ECHA_API)
 Environmental Protection Agency
 Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
 Food Research Journal
 Hazardous Substance Database
 International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
 National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
 Australian National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
 NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
 National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
 National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
 U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
 New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme
 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
 World Health Organization

Prepared By Lisa Bland

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This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of UK REACH Regulations (SI 2019/758 as amended)
Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the

date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet