



SAFETY DATA SHEET

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name	CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H
Product number	53336
Synonyms; trade names	CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP 15000 H EUROPE PCG
REACH registration notes	This product is not classified as hazardous, the information in this datasheet is given for guidance only.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Thickener Film Former Colloid Binder
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1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Univar Solutions UK Ltd Aquarius House 6 Mid Point Business Park Bradford BD3 7AY +44 1274 267300 +44 1274 267306 SDS.EMEA@univarsolutions.com
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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)
Sds No.	53336

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Not Classified
Environmental hazards	Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements	NC Not Classified
Supplemental label information	EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3. Other hazards

Dust may form explosive mixture with air. This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE	>= 86.0 - <= 95.0 %
CAS number: 9004-62-0	EC number: 618-387-5

Classification

Not Classified

SODIUM ACETATE		<= 7.5 %
CAS number: 127-09-3	EC number: 204-823-8	REACH registration number: 01-2119485123-42-XXXX

Classification

Not Classified

PROPAN-2-OL			<= 3.0 %
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

STOT SE 3 - H336

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse nose and mouth with water. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.
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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with the following media: Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Eliminate all sources of ignition. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. When heated and in case of fire, toxic vapours/gases may be formed.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Evacuate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Contain and collect extinguishing water. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Evacuate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Remove spillage with vacuum cleaner or collect with a shovel and broom, or similar. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Do not flush away residues with water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Usage precautions

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Observe good chemical hygiene practices. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store away from the following materials: Strong oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (CAS: 9004-62-0)

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

SODIUM ACETATE (CAS: 127-09-3)

DNEL

Consumer - Oral; Short term local effects: 36 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term : 6 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Short term local effects: 36 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 72 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Long term : 12 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 6 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3103.45 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 6347.36 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term : 1057.9 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 521.73 mg/m³

PNEC

- Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l

- marine water; 0.01 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.000402 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0000402 mg/kg

- Soil; 0.000402 mg/kg

PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0)

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l - marine water; 140.9 mg/l - Intermittent release; 140.9 mg/l - STP; 2251 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 552 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 552 mg/kg - Soil; 28 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacture, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m³. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Organic vapour filter. Combination filter, type A2/P2. EN 136/140/141/145/143/149

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Powder.
Colour	White.

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Odour	Mild.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	pH (concentrated solution): 6.0 - 7.0
Melting point	No information available.
Pour Point	No information available.
Freezing Point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	No information available.
Flash point	No information available.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Dust may form explosive mixture with air.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	0.4 - 1.3 @ 20°C Read-across data.
Bulk density	No information available.
Solubility(ies)	Miscible with water.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	>=400°C
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	No information available.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	No information available.
Oxidising properties	No information available.
<u>9.2. Other information</u>	
Other information	Not determined.
Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	No information available.
Volatility	No information available.
Saturation concentration	No information available.
Critical temperature	No information available.
Volatile organic compound	No information available.

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Will not polymerise. Dust may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Keep at temperature not exceeding 200°C. Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) This product has low toxicity. Not determined. Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. LD₅₀ > 8700 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Not determined. Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Estimated value.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Not determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation May be slightly irritating to eyes. Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Does not contain any substances known to be mutagenic. Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity This information is based on test data from similar products No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Reproductive toxicity - fertility This information is based on test data from similar products. No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause eye irritation. Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Hypotension (low blood pressure). Difficulty in breathing. Respiratory failure.

Ingestion This product has low toxicity. No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident. May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 8700 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Estimated value.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation No information available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation No information available.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact Powder may irritate skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.

Eye contact Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

SODIUM ACETATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 3,530.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,530.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ (1h) >30 mg/l, Inhalation, Dust/Mist, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H**Aspiration hazard**

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.

Skin contact Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.

Eye contact Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.

PROPAN-2-OL**Acute toxicity - oral**

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,840.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) OECD 401

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,840.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 13,900.0

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) OECD 402

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 13,900.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV) 10,000.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ (6h) >10000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat OECD 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vivo No information available.

Carcinogenicity

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Carcinogenicity There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Target organs Kidneys Liver

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

SODIUM ACETATE

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

PROPAN-2-OL

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

SODIUM ACETATE

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

PROPAN-2-OL

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 48 hours: 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 7 days: 1800 mg/l, Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability This information is based on test data from similar products Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation - Degradation 37.3%: 61 days

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be slowly biodegradable.

SODIUM ACETATE

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

PROPAN-2-OL

Persistence and degradability The substance is readily biodegradable.

Biological oxygen demand 53 %

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

SODIUM ACETATE

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient : -3.7

PROPAN-2-OL

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.05 OECD 107

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Miscible with water.

Ecological information on ingredients.**HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE**

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

SODIUM ACETATE

Mobility The product has poor water-solubility.

PROPAN-2-OL

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Surface tension 22.7 mN/m @ 20°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.**HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SODIUM ACETATE

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

PROPAN-2-OL

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.**HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE**

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SODIUM ACETATE

Other adverse effects Not determined.

PROPAN-2-OL

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Other adverse effects No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Waste should be treated as controlled waste. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).
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14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
 ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
 Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.
 LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
 LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
 RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
 MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.
 cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.
 BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.
 BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.
 EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
 LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
 NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.
 LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.
 EL50: Exposure Limit 50
 hPa: Hectopascal
 LL50: Lethal Loading fifty
 OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
 SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus
 STP: Sewage Treatment Plant
 VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity
 Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
 Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Key literature references and sources for data

Supplier's information.

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Not classified.: Calculation method.

Revision comments

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date

22/10/2020

CELLOSIZE HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE QP-15000-H

Version number	2.000
Supersedes date	21/12/2017
SDS number	53336
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Signature	Lisa Bland