

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of:
UK REACH Regulations (SI 2019/758 as amended)

Supersedes date 13-Mar-2023

Revision date 29-May-2026

Revision Number 2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Code(s) 65350
Safety data sheet number 65350
Product Name UCARE POLYMER JR 30M

Pure substance/mixture Mixture
Molecular weight 200 - 800 kg/mol

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures.
Cosmetics
Personal care
Consumer use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier
Univar Solutions UK Ltd
Aquarius House
6 Mid Point Business Park
Bradford
GBR

For further information, please contact

E-mail address SDS.EMEA@univarsolutions.com
Non-Emergency Telephone Number +44 1274 267300 / +44 1274 267306

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H411)
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2.2. Label elements

**Hazard statements**

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P391 - Collect spillage

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Unknown aquatic toxicity

Contains 0 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

2.3. Other hazards

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.1 Substances**

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	Weight-%	EC No (EU Index No)	UK REACH registration number	Classification according to GB CLP (SI 2020/1567 as amended)	Specific concentration limit (SCL)	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)
CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE 68610-92-4	>= 91.0 %	-	-	Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)	-	-	-
WATER 7732-18-5	<= 5.0 %	231-791-2	-	Not classified	-	-	-
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5	<= 1.5 %	231-598-3	-	Not Classified	-	-	-
SODIUM ACETATE 127-09-3	<= 1.5 %	204-823-8	-	Not Classified	-	-	-
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	<= 1.0 %	200-661-7 (603-117-00-0)	-	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336)	STOT SE 3 (H336) :: C>=20%	-	-

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >= 0.1% (UK REACH Article 59)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a doctor.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eyes	May cause slight eye irritation.
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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors	Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Water spray. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	When heated and in case of fire, toxic vapours/gases may be formed. Avoid generation of dust. When suspended in air dust can pose an explosion hazard. Remove all sources of ignition. If dust layers are exposed to elevated temperatures, spontaneous combustion may occur. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. To reduce the potential for dust explosions, electrically bond and ground equipment and do not permit dust to accumulate. Dust can be ignited by static discharge.
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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Evacuate personnel to safe
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areas. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Contain spilled material if possible. Remove spillage with vacuum cleaner. If not possible, collect spillage with shovel, broom or the like. After cleaning, flush away traces with water. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe dust. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product. Electrically bond and ground all containers, personnel and equipment before transfer or use of material. Keep container closed when not in use.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from atmospheric moisture. Avoid prolonged exposure to heat and air. Keep at a temperature not exceeding 200 °C. Protect from moisture.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)
See section 1 for more information.

Risk Management Methods (RMM) The information required is contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	United Kingdom
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 999 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1250 mg/m ³

Biological occupational exposure limits This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - Workers

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5		295.52 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6] 295.52 mg/kg bw/day [4] [7]	2068.62 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 2068.62 mg/m ³ [4] [7]
SODIUM ACETATE 127-09-3		12 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6] 72 mg/kg bw/day [4] [7]	1057.9 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 6347.36 mg/m ³ [4] [7]
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0		888 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	500 mg/m ³ [4] [6]

[4] Systemic health effects.
[6] Long term.
[7] Short term.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - General Public

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5	126.65 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6] 126.65 mg/kg bw/day [4] [7]	126.65 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6] 126.65 mg/kg bw/day [4] [7]	443.28 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 443.28 mg/m ³ [4] [7]
SODIUM ACETATE 127-09-3	6 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6] 36 mg/kg bw/day [4] [7]	36 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6] 36 mg/kg bw/day [4] [7]	521.73 mg/m ³ [4] [6] 3103.45 mg/m ³ [4] [7]
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	26 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	319 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	89 mg/m ³ [4] [6]

[4] Systemic health effects.
[6] Long term.
[7] Short term.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Chemical name	Freshwater	Freshwater (intermittent release)	Marine water	Marine water (intermittent release)	Air
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5	5 mg/L	19 mg/l			
SODIUM ACETATE 127-09-3	0.1 mg/l		0.01 mg/l		
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	140.9 mg/L	140.9 mg/L	140.9 mg/L		

Chemical name	Freshwater sediment	Marine sediment	Sewage treatment	Soil	Food chain
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5			500 mg/L	4.86 mg/kg soil dw	

Chemical name	Freshwater sediment	Marine sediment	Sewage treatment	Soil	Food chain
SODIUM ACETATE 127-09-3	0.000402 mg/kg	0.00004 mg/kg	0.72 g/L	0.000402 mg/kg	
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	552 mg/kg sediment dw	552 mg/kg sediment dw	2251 mg/L	28 mg/kg soil dw	160 mg/kg food

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls No information available.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Use eye protection according to EN ISO 16321-1.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. Gloves must conform to standard EN 374.

Gloves			
Duration of contact	PPE - Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
	Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	> 0.35 mm	
	Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").	> 0.35 mm	
	Wear protective Neoprene™ gloves	> 0.35 mm	

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.

Respiratory protection Use appropriate respiratory protection.
Recommended filter type: Particulate filter, type P2. Particulates filter conforming to EN 143.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state Solid
Appearance granules Powder
Colour White/off-white
Odour Amine.
Odour threshold No information available

Property	Values
Melting point / freezing point	160 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	
Flammability	
Flammability Limit in Air	
Upper flammability or explosive limits	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flash point	
Autoignition temperature	320 °C

Remarks • Method
 Read-across. Decomposes above.
 Not applicable.
 Dust may form explosive mixture with air.
 No information available.

No information available.
 ASTM D1929.

Decomposition temperature		No information available.
pH	5 - 7	Read-across.
pH (as aqueous solution)		No information available.
Kinematic viscosity		No information available.
Dynamic viscosity		No information available.
Water solubility	Soluble in water	
Solubility(ies)		No information available.
Partition coefficient		Not determined.
Vapour pressure		Not applicable.
Relative density		No information available.
Bulk density	395.7 kg/m ³	Read-across
Liquid Density	No information available	No information available
Relative vapour density		No information available.
Particle characteristics		Not determined.
Particle Size	No information available	
Particle Size Distribution	No information available	
Explosive properties	No information available	
Oxidising properties	No information available	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular weight	200 - 800 kg/mol	
Evaporation rate	Not applicable	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions. Hygroscopic.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Keep at a temperature not exceeding 200 °C. Product may decompose at elevated temperatures. Avoid static discharge. Protect from moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure**Product Information**

Inhalation	Inhalation of dust in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Eye contact	Solid particles trapped behind the eyelid may cause abrasive damage,.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**Symptoms****Acute toxicity****Numerical measures of toxicity**

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

Oral LD50 Oral LD50 > 10000 mg/kg
Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
SODIUM CHLORIDE	= 3000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 10.5 mg/L (Rat)
SODIUM ACETATE	> 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 30 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
PROPAN-2-OL	= 5045 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 72.6 mg/l (Rat) 4h = 37.5 mg/l (Rat) 4h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Brief contact is essentially non-irritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness May cause more severe response if skin is abraded (scratched)

					or cut).
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SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 404: Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Dermal		4 hours	non-irritant

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation. Dryness and/or cracking

Serious eye damage/eye irritation May cause slight eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause slight eye irritation Corneal injury is unlikely

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause slight eye irritation Dust may irritate eyes

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 405: Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	eye		24 hours	non-irritant

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
	Rabbit				Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation No information available.

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
	Human evidence	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
		Inhalation	No signs of respiratory sensitization have been reported.

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
	Human evidence	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
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	Guinea pig	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser
	Mouse	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Component Information

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative
		Negative Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative
		Negative Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Results
In vivo assay	Mouse	Negative

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative
		Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments Negative

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Component Information

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Results
		Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Results
		Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Results
		For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Results
		In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility

STOT - single exposure No information available.

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
		Oral			May cause drowsiness or dizziness Central nervous system

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Component Information

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					For the minor component(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Liver Kidney Kidney effects have been observed in male rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans. Observations in animals include: Lethargy.

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Medical experience with sodium chloride has shown a strong association between elevated blood pressure and prolonged dietary overuse. Related effects could occur in the kidneys.

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Kidney Liver Kidney effects have been observed in male rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans. Observations in animals include: Lethargy.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Unknown aquatic toxicity

Contains 0 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Acute toxicity	Pimephales promelas	LC50	2.4 - 3.7 mg/L	96 hours	
Acute toxicity	Daphnia magna	LC50	34 - 48 mg/L	48 hours	
	activated sludge	EC50	> 1000 mg/L	3 hours	
	Bacteria toxicity	EC50	2500 mg/L	16 hours	

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Acute toxicity	Pimephales promelas	LC50	2.4 - 3.7 mg/L	96 hours	
Acute toxicity	Daphnia magna	LC50	34 - 48 mg/L	48 hours	
	activated sludge	EC50	> 1000 mg/L	3 hours	
	Bacteria toxicity	EC50	2500 mg/L	16 hours	

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Lepomis macrochirus	LC50	5840 mg/L	96 hours	
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Pimephales promelas	LC50	10610 mg/L	96 hours	
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Daphnia magna	EC50	1900 mg/L	48 hours	
OECD Test No. 201: Freshwater Algae and Cyanobacteria, Growth Inhibition Test	Algae	EC50	2430 mg/L	120 hours	
OECD Test No. 209: Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation)	activated sludge	IC50	> 1000 mg/L		
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Pimephales promelas	NOEC	252 mg/L	33 days	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Daphnia pulex	NOEC	314 mg/L	21 days	

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Brachydanio rerio	LC50	> 100 mg/L	96 hours	
OECD Test No. 202: Daphnia sp., Acute Immobilisation Test	Daphnia magna	EC50	> 1000 mg/L	48 hours	
ISO 10253	Skeletonema costatum	EC50	> 1000 mg/L	72 hours	
Bacteria toxicity		EC50	7200 mg/L	18 hours	

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Pimephales promelas	LC50	9640 mg/L	96 hours	
OECD Test No. 211: Daphnia magna Reproduction Test	Daphnia magna	NOEC	30 mg/L	21 days	
OECD Test No. 202: Daphnia sp., Acute Immobilisation Test or Equivalent.	Daphnia magna	LC50	> 10000 mg/L	24 hours	
	Scenedesmus sp	NOEC	1800 mg/L	7 days	
	Scenedesmus sp	ErC50	> 1000 mg/L	72 hours	
DIN 38 412 Part 8	activated sludge	EC50	> 1000 mg/L	16 hours	

12.2. Persistence and degradability**Persistence and degradability**

Material has inherent, primary biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines

(reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s).

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 302B: Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EVPA Test	70 days	Biodegradation 30.9 %	Inherently Biodegradable

CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE (68610-92-4)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
			Expected to biodegrade very slowly

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
			Not applicable Inorganic.

SODIUM ACETATE (127-09-3)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301D: Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test (TG 301 D) or Equivalent.	28 days	Biodegradation 79 %	Readily biodegradable Material has inherent, ultimate biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 60 or 70% biodegradation in OECD test(s).
OECD Test No. 302B: Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EVPA Test or Equivalent.	5 days	Biodegradation 100 %	Readily biodegradable Material has inherent, ultimate biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 60 or 70% biodegradation in OECD test(s).

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301E: Ready Biodegradability: Modified OECD Screening Test (TG 301 E) or Equivalent.	21 days	Biodegradation 95 %	Readily biodegradable
(EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.6	5 days	Biodegradation 53 %	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**Bioaccumulation**

No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE	-3.72
WATER	- 1.38
SODIUM ACETATE	-3.72
PROPAN-2-OL	0.05

12.4. Mobility in soil**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**PBT and vPvB assessment**

The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB.

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
SODIUM CHLORIDE	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
SODIUM ACETATE	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
PROPAN-2-OL	The substance is not PBT / vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Do not reuse empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information**IATA**

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S. (CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	A97, A158, A179, A197, A215
ERG Code	9L

IMDG

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S. (CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	274, 335, 966, 967, 969
EmS-No	F-A, S-F
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No information available

RID

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S. (CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	274, 335, 375, 601
Classification code	M7

ADR

14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S. (CATIONIC HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	274, 335, 601, 375
Classification code	M7
Tunnel restriction code	(-)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use:

This product contains one or more substances subject to restriction (UK REACH - Annex XVII).

Product restricted per REACH Annex XVII: 75, 77

Chemical name	Restricted substance per REACH Annex XVII	Substance subject to authorisation per REACH Annex XIV
PROPAN-2-OL - 67-63-0	3, 40	-

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not applicable

Export Notification requirements

Not applicable

Dangerous substance category per COMAH Regulations 2015 (as amended)

E2 - Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2

Named dangerous substances per COMAH Regulations 2015 (as amended)

Not applicable

The Ozone-Depleting Substances Regulations 2015

Not applicable

The Biocidal Products Regulations 2001 (as amended)

Chemical name	The Biocidal Products Regulations 2001 (as amended)
SODIUM ACETATE - 127-09-3	Simplified procedure - Category A
PROPAN-2-OL - 67-63-0	Product-type 2: Disinfectants and algaecides not intended for direct application to humans or animals Product-type 4: Food and feed area Product-type 1: Human hygiene

The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2017 (as amended)

Not applicable

Poisons Act 1972 (Explosive Precursors) Regulations (as Amended)

Not applicable

International Inventories

TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
DSL/NDL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
KECI	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
AIIC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Report No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture

SECTION 16: Other information**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet****Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
 H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation:

Legend Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
+	Sensitisers		

Revision Note **SDS sections updated 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16**

Classification procedure

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Method Used
Acute oral toxicity	Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - gas	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - vapour	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - dust/mist	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation	Calculation method
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method
Respiratory sensitisation	Calculation method
Skin sensitisation	Calculation method
Mutagenicity	Calculation method
Carcinogenicity	Calculation method
Reproductive toxicity	Calculation method
STOT - single exposure	Calculation method
STOT - repeated exposure	Calculation method
Acute aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Aspiration hazard	Calculation method
Ozone	Calculation method

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Committee for Risk Assessment (ECHA_RAC)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) (ECHA_API)
Environmental Protection Agency
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
Food Research Journal
Hazardous Substance Database
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Australian National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
World Health Organization

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This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of UK REACH Regulations (SI 2019/758 as amended)
Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet